On page 1, line 1, please add This application is a divisional of application Serial No. 09/080,619, now allowed".

On page 33, line 17, please delete "carton" and substitute therefor – carbon –.

Please delete the Abstract and substitute therefor:

—A process of using a catalyst composition to polymerize at least one monomer to produce a polymer. The process comprises contacting the catalyst composition and at least one monomer in a polymerization zone under polymerization conditions to produce the polymer. The catalyst composition is produced by a process comprising contacting at least one organometal compound, at least one treated solid oxide compound, and at least one organoaluminum compound. —

## IN THE CLAIMS

Please delete Claims 1-7, and 9-25.

Please amend Claim 8 as follows:

8. (amended) A process of using a catalyst composition to polymerize at least one monomer to produce a polymer, said process comprising contacting said catalyst composition and at least one monomer in a polymerization zone under polymerization conditions to produce said polymer;

wherein said catalyst composition is produced by a process comprising contacting at least one organized compound, at least one treated solid oxide 64605 v1

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compound, and at least one organoaluminum compound to produce said catalyst composition,

wherein said organometal compound has the following general formula

$$(X^1)(X^2)(X^3)(X^4)M^1$$

wherein M<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of titanium,

irconium, and hafnium, and

wherein (X<sup>1</sup>) is independently selected from the group consisting of cyclopentadienyls, indenyls, fluorenyls, substituted

cyclopentadienyls, substituted indenyls, and substituted fluorenyls,

and

wherein substituents on said substituted cyclopentadienyls, substituted indenyls, and substituted fluorenyls are selected from the group consisting of aliphatic groups, cyclic groups, combinations of aliphatic and cyclic groups, and organometallic groups, and hydrogen; and

wherein  $(X^3)$  and  $(X^4)$  are independently selected from the group consisting of halides, aliphatic groups, cyclic groups, combinations of aliphatic and cyclic groups, and organometallic groups, and wherein  $(X^2)$  is selected from the group consisting of Group OMC-I or Group OMC-II, and wherein said organoaluminum compound has the following general formula

$$Al(X^5)_n(X^6)_{3-n}$$

wherein  $(X^5)$  is a hydrocarbyl having from 1-20 carbon atoms, and wherein  $(X^6)$  is a halide, hydride, or alkoxide, and wherein 'n' is a number from 1 to 3 inclusive;

wherein said treated solid oxide compound is produced by a process comprising contacting at least one solid oxide compound with at least one electron-withdrawing anion source compound; and

wherein said solld oxide compound is calcined before, during, or after contacting said electron-withdrawing anion source; and wherein the activity of said catalyst composition is greater than 250 grams of polyethylene per gram of treated solid oxide compound per hour; and wherein there is a substantial absence of aluminoxanes and organoborates.

## Please add the following claims:

- 26. A process according to Claim 8 wherein said polymerization conditions comprise slurry polymerization conditions.
- 27. A process according to Claim 26 wherein said contacting is conducted in a loop reactor zone.
- 28. A process according to Claim 27 wherein said contacting is conducted in the presence of a diluent that comprises, in major part, isobutane.

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- 29. A process according to Claim 26 wherein said at least one monomer is ethylene.
- 30. A process according to Claim 26 wherein said at least one monomer comprises ethylene and an aliphatic 1-olefin having 3 to 20 carbon atoms per molecule.
- 31. A process according to Claim 8 wherein said treated solid oxide compound is produced by a process comprising:
  - 1) contacting said solld oxide compound with said at least one electron-withdrawing anion source compound to form a first mixture; and
  - 2) calcining said first mixture to form said treated solid oxide compound.
- 32. A process according to Claim 8 wherein said treated solid oxide compound is produced by a process comprising simultaneously calcining and contacting said solid oxide compound and said at least one electron-withdrawing anion source compound.
- 33. A process according to Claim 8 wherein said electron-withdrawing anion source compound is selected from the group consisting of sulfates, halides, and triflate.

- 34. A process according to Claim 8 wherein said calcining is conducted for about 1 hour to about 10 hours at a temperature in the range of about 400 to about 800° C.
- 35. A process according to Claim 8 wherein said treated solid oxide compound is produced by a process comprising increasing the acidity of said solid oxide compound by two, or more, electron-withdrawing anion source compounds in two, or more, separate steps.
- 36. A process according to Claim 35 wherein said treated solid oxide compound is produced by a process comprising:
  - 1) contacting said at least one solid oxide compound with a first electron-withdrawing anion source compound to form a first mixture;
  - 2) calcining said first mixture to produce a calcined first mixture;
  - contacting said calcined first mixture with a second electron-withdrawing anion source compound to form a second mixture; and
  - 4) calcining said second mixture to form said treated solid oxide compound.
- 37. A process according to Claim 8 wherein said catalyst composition is produced by a process comprising:

- contacting said organometal compound and said treated solid oxide compound together for about 1 minute to about 1 hour at a temperature of about 25 to about 100°C to form a first mixture; and
- 2) contacting said first mixture with an organoaluminum compound to form said catalyst composition.
- 38. A process according to Claim 8 wherein said catalyst composition can polymerize ethylene into a polymer with an activity greater than 2000 (gP/(gS·hr)), and

wherein said organometal compound is selected from the group consisting

of

bis(cyclopentadienyl) hafnium dichloride;

bis(cyclopentadienyl) zirconium dichloride;

[ethyl(indenyl)<sub>2</sub>] hafnium dichloride;

[ethyl(indenyl)<sub>2</sub>] zirconium dichloride;

[ethyl(tetrahydroindenyl)<sub>2</sub>] hafnium dichloride;

[ethyl(tetrahydroindenyl)<sub>2</sub>] zirconium dichloride;

bis(n-butylcyclopentadienyl)\hafnium dichloride;

bis(n-butylcyclopentadienyl) zirconium dichloride;

((dimethyl)(diindenyl)silane) zirconium dichloride;

((dimethyl)(diindenyl)silane) hafaium dichloride;

((dimethyl)(ditetrahydroindenyl)silane) zirconium dichloride;

((dimethyl)(di(2-methyl indenyl)) silane) zirconium dichloride;

bis(fluorenyl) zirconium dichloride, and

wherein said organoaluminum compound is selected from the group

consisting of

trimethylaluminum;

triethylaluminum;

tripropylaluminum;

diethylaluminum\ethoxide;

tributylaluminum;

triisobutylaluminum hydride;

triisobutylaluminum

diethylaluminum chloride, and

wherein said solid oxide compound is selected from the group consisting of

Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, BeO, Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, CdO, Co<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>, Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, CuO, Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Ga<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, La<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>,

 $Mn_2O_3$ ,  $MoO_3$ , NiO,  $P_2O_5$ ,  $Sb_2O_5$ ,  $SiO_2$ ,  $SnO_2$ , SrO,  $ThO_2$ ,  $TiO_2$ ,  $V_2O_5$ ,

WO<sub>3</sub>, Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, ZnO, ZrO<sub>2</sub>; and mixtures thereof, and

wherein said treated solid oxide compound has been contacted with fluoride or chloride or both.

39. A process of using a catalyst composition to polymerize at least one monomer to produce a polymer, said process comprising contacting said catalyst 64605 v1

composition and said at least one monomer in a polymerization zone under polymerization conditions to produce said polymer;

wherein said catalyst composition is produced by a process comprising:

- 1) calching alumina at 600°C for 3 hours and simultaneously contacting with carbon tetrachloride to produce a treated solid oxide compound;
- 2) combining said treated solid oxide compound with bis(n-butyleyclopentadienyl) zirconium chloride at a temperature in a range of about 25 to about 100°C to produce a mixture; and
- about between 1 minute and 1 hour, combining said mixture and triethylaluminum to produce said catalyst composition.
- 40. A process of using a catalyst composition to polymerize at least one monomer to produce a polymer, said process comprising contacting said catalyst composition and said at least one monomer in a polymerization zone under polymerization conditions to produce said polymer;

wherein said catalyst composition is produced by a process comprising:

1) calcining an oxide selected from alumina, silica-alumina, aluminophosphate, and mixtures thereof to produce a calcined oxide;

- contacting said calcined oxide with a treating agent selected 2) from sulfating agents, fluoriding agents, and chloriding agents to produce a treated oxide;
- combining (1) said treated oxide, (2) an organoaluminum 3) compound selected from triethylaluminum, triisobut laluminum, and mixtures thereof; and (3) an organometal compound.
- A process according to Claim 40 wherein said organometal 41. compound is bis(n-butylcyclopentadienyl) zirconium dichloride.
- A process according to Claim 41 wherein said treating agent is a 42. chloriding agent.
- A process according to Claim 42 wherein said treating agent is 43. carbon tetrachloride.
- A process of using a catalyst composition to polymerize at least one 44. monomer to produce a polymer, said process comprising contacting said catalyst composition and said at least one monomer in a polymerization zone under polymerization conditions to produce said polymer;

wherein said catalyst composition is produced by a process comprising:

- calcining alumina to produce a calcined alumina; 1)
- treating said calcined alumina with carbon tetrachloride at an 2) elevated temperature to give a treated alumina;